

ABSTRAK

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Latar Belakang: Peran ibu pada program imunisasi sangatlah penting. Masih ada anak usia 12 bulan yang belum mendapatkan imunisasi lengkap, walaupun imunisasi sudah diberikan gratis oleh pemerintah. Hal tersebut disebabkan berbagai alasan seperti pengetahuan maupun sikap ibu yang kurang mengenai imunisasi dan rendahnya kesadaran ibu membawa anaknya ke Posyandu atau Puskesmas.

Tujuan: Untuk Mengetahui Faktor-Faktor Yang Mempengaruhi Kepatuhan Ibu Dalam Pemberian Imunisasi Dasar Lengkap Kepada Anak usia 12 bulan Di Posyandu Harum Selati Tahun 2025.

Metode: Berdasarkan waktu penelitian termasuk jenis rancangan penelitian *cross sectional*, berdasarkan tujuan penelitian adalah penelitian analitik *korelasional*. Analisis data menggunakan uji *Coeffisien Contingency*.

Hasil: hasil penelitian dari 33 responden di posyandu harum selati didapatkan Sebagian besar responden memiliki persepsi yang mendukung imunisasai yaitu sebanyak 19 orang (57,6%). Sebagian besar responden memiliki kerentanan terhadap penyakit dalam kategori tinggi yaitu sebanyak 18 orang (54,5%). Sebagian besar responden memiliki coes to action dalam kategori tinggi yaitu sebanyak 18 orang (54,5%), Sebagian besar responden memiliki hambatan dalam memberikan imunisasi yaitu sebanyak 18 orang (54,5%), Sebagian besar responden memiliki manfaat yang dirasakan yaitu sebanyak 18 orang dan Sebagian besar responden patuh dalam memberikan imunisasi dasar lengkap yaitu sebanyak 19 orang (57,6%).

Kesimpulan: Analisis menggunakan uji *coeffisien contingency* didapatkan hasil Ada hubungan persepsi, kerentanan penyakit, *cues to action*, hambatan dan manfaat dengan kepatuhan pemberian imunisasi dasar lengkap kepada anak usia 12 bulan Di Posyandu Harum Selati Tahun 2025.

Kata Kunci : Kepatuhan Ibu, Imunisasi Dasar, Anak Usia 12 Bulan

ABSTRACT

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Background: *The role of mothers in the immunization program is very important. There are still children aged 12 months who have not received complete immunization, even though immunization has been provided free of charge by the government. This is due to various reasons such as the lack of knowledge and attitudes of mothers regarding immunization and the low awareness of mothers to bring their children to Posyandu or Puskesmas.*

Objective: *To determine the factors that influence maternal compliance in providing complete basic immunization to children aged 12 months at the Harum Selati Integrated Health Post in 2025.*

Method: *Based on the time of the study, it is a cross-sectional research design, based on the purpose of the study, it is a correlational analytical study. Data analysis uses the Contingency Coefficient test.*

Results: *The results of the study from 33 respondents at the Harum Selati Posyandu showed that most respondents had a perception that supported immunization, namely 19 people (57.6%). Most respondents had a high category of susceptibility to disease, namely 18 people (54.5%). Most respondents had cues to action in the high category, namely 18 people (54.5%), Most respondents had obstacles in providing immunization, namely 18 people (54.5%), Most respondents had benefits that were felt, namely 18 people and Most respondents were compliant in providing complete basic immunization, namely 19 people (57.6%).*

Conclusion: *Analysis using the contingency coefficient test showed that there was a relationship between perception, disease susceptibility, cues to action, obstacles and benefits with compliance in providing complete basic immunization to children aged 12 months at the Harum Selati Posyandu in 2025.*

Keywords: *Maternal Compliance, Basic Immunization, Children Aged 12 Months*